

Exhibit 1

STATE OF MINNESOTA

DISTRICT COURT

COUNTY OF HENNEPIN

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Wanda Herrala,

Plaintiff,

v.

Comenity Bank, N.A.,

Defendant.

SUMMONS

Court File No. _____

THIS SUMMONS IS DIRECTED TO THE ABOVE-NAMED DEFENDANT(S)

1. **YOU ARE BEING SUED.** The Plaintiff has started a lawsuit against you. The Plaintiff's Complaint against you is attached to this summons. Do not throw these papers away. They are official papers that affect your rights. You must respond to this lawsuit even though it may not yet be filed with the Court and there may be no court file number on this summons.

2. **YOU MUST REPLY WITHIN 20 DAYS TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS.**

You must give or mail to the person who signed this summons a written response called an Answer within 20 days of the date on which you received this Summons.

You must send a copy of your Answer to the person who signed this summons located at:

WALKER & WALKER LAW OFFICES, PLLC
ATTN: Bennett Hartz
4356 Nicollet Avenue South
Minneapolis, MN 55409

3. **YOU MUST RESPOND TO EACH CLAIM.** The Answer is your written response to the Plaintiff's Complaint. In your Answer you must state whether you

agree or disagree with each paragraph of the Complaint. If you believe the Plaintiff should not be given everything asked for in the Complaint, you must say so in your Answer.

4. **YOU WILL LOSE YOUR CASE IF YOU DO NOT SEND A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THE COMPLAINT TO THE PERSON WHO SIGNED THIS SUMMONS.** If you do not Answer within 20 days, you will lose this case. You will not get to tell your side of the story, and the Court may decide against you and award the Plaintiff everything asked for in the complaint. If you do not want to contest the claims stated in the complaint, you do not need to respond. A default judgment can then be entered against you for the relief requested in the complaint.
5. **LEGAL ASSISTANCE.** You may wish to get legal help from a lawyer. If you do not have a lawyer, the Court Administrator may have information about places where you can get legal assistance. Even if you cannot get legal help, you must still provide a written Answer to protect your rights or you may lose the case.
6. **ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION.** The parties may agree to or be ordered to participate in an alternative dispute resolution process under Rule 114 of the Minnesota General Rules of Practice. You must still send your written response to the Complaint even if you expect to use alternative means of resolving this dispute.

Date: April 28, 2020

/s/ Bennett Hartz

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Minneapolis, MN 55409
(612) 824-4357
Attorneys for Wanda Herrala

STATE OF MINNESOTA

DISTRICT COURT

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Wanda Herrala,

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COMPLAINT

Court File No. _____

1. Plaintiff Wanda Herrala pleads the following claims based on violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA), 47 U.S.C. § 227 *et seq.*, by Comenity Bank, N.A. (“Comenity”).
2. Comenity harassed Herrala by repeatedly calling her cell phone using a robodialer, an act strictly prohibited by the TCPA.

VENUE, PARTIES, AND JURY TRIAL

3. Herrala is a natural person residing in Hennepin County.
4. Comenity is a national association that regularly conducts business in Minnesota and Hennepin County specifically.
5. Venue is proper because Comenity regularly conducts business in Hennepin County, and because the claims at issue in this case occurred in and harmed a person living there.
6. Herrala demands a jury trial to the extent available under US Const. Amend. 7.

THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

7. As more Americans began carrying cellular telephones in the 1990s, Congress sought to limit the potential for constant harassment posed by telemarketers and “automatic telephone dialing systems”— commonly called “robodialers.”
8. The TCPA was enacted to this end. Among other abusive actions, the TCPA prohibits anyone from calling a cell phone using a robodialer, an automated voice, or a pre-recorded message.
9. Despite the protections afforded by the TCPA, industry practices remain relatively unchanged. Robodialing continues to increase dramatically year-over-year, and robodialing is estimated to now comprise *half* of all cell phone calls in the United States. See Brian Fung, “Report: Americans got 26.3 billion robocalls last year, up 46 percent from 2017.” Wall Street Journal, January 29, 2019.

FACTS

10. Comenity routinely calls Herrala on her cell phone attempting to collect debt.
11. Comenity places these calls to Herrala using a robodialer, an artificial voice; or both.
12. When answering these robodialed calls, Herrala immediately heard either a recorded, automated voice or a long pause of dead air. This pause indicates Comenity’s robodialer calling Herrala, and then connecting to a live operator at Comenity within a few seconds of answering.
13. These factors, paired with the frequency of the calls, strongly suggest that Comenity was calling Herrala’s cell phone using a robodialer.

14. Comenity did not have Herrala's consent to use these electronic means to call her cell phone.

15. Herrala also explicitly revoked any consent to be called on her cell phone during a phone call with Comenity on or about September 9, 2019.

16. Despite this explicit revocation, Comenity continued to robodial Herrala's cell phone.

17. Following her revocation, Comenity placed robodialed collection calls to Herrala on at least (but not limited to) 286 subsequent occasions.

18. Comenity disregarded her revocation of consent and willfully continued to contact Herrala with impunity using a prohibited automatic telephone dialing system.

COUNT I: TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

19. Herrala incorporates all other allegations as if set forth herein in full.

20. The TCPA bans using robodialers and artificial voices to call cell phones absent the consumer's explicit consent:

It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States . . . to make any call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) using any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice . . . to any telephone number assigned to a paging service, cellular telephone service, specialized mobile radio service, or other radio common carrier service, or any service for which the called party is charged for the call . . ." 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).

21. Comenity violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1) by knowingly calling Herrala at least 286 times on her cell phone using an automatic dialing system and/or an artificial, pre-recorded voice without Herrala's consent.

22. Comenity also ignored Herrala's explicit revocation of consent.

23. Comenity thus willfully and knowingly violated § 227(b)(1).

24. Herrala was stressed and harassed by the frequency of Comenity's calls to her cell phone, and by her inability to stop these calls, as is her right by statute.

25. The TCPA provides the following remedy for its violation:

"A person or entity may, if otherwise permitted by the law or rules of court of a State, bring in an appropriate court of that State (A) an action based on a violation of this subsection . . . to enjoin such violation, (B) an action to recover for actual monetary loss from such a violation, or to receive \$500 in damages for each such violation, whichever is greater, or (C) both such actions. If the court finds that the defendant willfully or knowingly violated this subsection or the regulations prescribed under this subsection, the court may, in its discretion, increase the amount of the award to an amount equal to not more than 3 times the amount available under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph." 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).

26. Herrala is entitled to actual damages in an amount to be determined at trial or statutory damages of \$1,500 per each of Comenity's telephone calls violating the TCPA, whichever is greater, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).

RELIEF REQUESTED

Herrala requests an Order for the following relief:

1. Judgment in favor of Wanda Herrala and against Comenity Bank, N.A. for actual damages, or for statutory damages of \$1,500 per each telephone call violating the TCPA, whichever is greater. 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).
2. Interest accruing from commencement of this action at 4% for awards up to \$50,000.00, or at 10% for awards over \$50,000.00, under Minn. Stat. § 549.09.
3. All other relief the Court deems just and equitable.

Date: April 28, 2020

/s/ Bennett Hartz

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Attorneys for Wanda Herrala

Acknowledgement

Plaintiff, by counsel, acknowledges that Minn. Stat. § 549.211 sanctions can be imposed.

Date: April 28, 2020

/s/ Bennett Hartz

Bennett Hartz #393136